ELECTRONICS & DEFENSE

SRO-100 RUBIDIUM OSCILLATOR GPS/GNSS-DISCIPLINED RUBIDIUM OSCILLATOR

The slim SRO-100 is a smart, low cost GPS/GNSS-disciplined rubidium oscillator (GPSDO), integrating complex synchronization functionality all in one low-cost, super-small package.

It utilizes the patented SmarTiming+® technology to provide a host of timing features, which were previously implemented externally on a separate circuit board. The SRO intelligently synchronizes, disciplines, and controls any primary reference source, such as GPS/GNSS, Cesium, Hydrogen Maser, and T1/E1, at cutting-edge 1ns resolution.

Applications

Telecom Navigation Broadcast Defense Instrument

Safran Electronics & Defense is with you every step of the way, building in the intelligence that gives you a critical advantage in observation, decision-making and guidance.



KEY FEATURES

- Single power supply voltage
- Small volume
- Frequency offset over temp. range
- Short-term stability
- Industry's first SmarTiming+® technology
 - REF locking resolution
 - REF disciplining/filtering/controlling
 - Smart loop time constant
 - E1/T1 jitter & wander
 - REF locking mode (user settable)
 - REF types (PRS(d)/Stratum 1 source)
 - OUT frequency accuracy/stability
 - PRS(d)/Stratum 1 locked
 - Holdover (No PRS(d))
 - OUT time accuracy/stability
 - GPS locked
 - Holdover (no GPS)
 - Standards compliance
 - PRS(d) locked/unlocked
- Low warm-up current
- Ultra low aging
- Ultra low phase noise output
- High frequency LV CMOS output
- RS232 standard interface

Notes

- (a) REF/OUT phase alignment
- (b) REF/OUT frequency alignment
- (c) PRS: Stratum 1 Primary Reference Source such as GPS, Cesium, E1/T1, LORAN-C, Maser

- : 11 16V or 20 32V
- : 11 in³ (2.78x4x1") : ±1E-10
 - : 1E-12 / 100 sec.
 - . 12 12 / 100 36
 - :1ns
 - : Auto adaptive(a)
 - : 1000 100,000 sec
 - : ITU-T G.823/824
 - : Sync(b) or Track(c)
 - : GPS, Cesium, E1/T1, LORAN-C, Maser
 - : 1E-12, typical
 - : <5E-11/month
 - : <50ns
 - $: <2\mu s/48$ hr or $<1\mu s/24$ hr
 - : ANSI T1.101, Stratum 1 / 2, GR-1244
 - ITU-T G.811/G.812, PRC, Type II CDMA IS-95, UMTS 3GPPS 25.104
 - : < 1.2A
 - : < 5E-11/ month
 - : 10MHz -100dBc @ 10 Hz
 - : 60MHz
 - : Control & monitoring commands, 9600 b/s

Technical Specifications

ELECTRICAL

Spec Smart SRO-100 SynClock+®				
Туре	Standard	Options		
RFOUT Frequency	10 MHz	Optional 5 MHz, 15 MHz		
		(ordering code: 5M or 15M)		
Frequency Change				
Operating temperature range	< 1E-10	-30 to 65°C (ordering code: E)		
(Thermal chamber with air flow)	-20°C to +60°C	-40) to 65°C (ordering code	e: E40)
		-10 to 60°C (ordering code: LP)		
Frequency Accuracy @ Shipment	< 5	E-11 (+25°C), typica		
Aging	< 5E-11 / month (typical: 3E-11 / month)	<	3E-11 / month or 2E-10	/year
(After 3 months of continuous operation)			(ordering code: A)	
			(typical: ±1E-11 / mont	h)
Short Term Stability			(ordering code: S)	
1s	3E-11		1E-11	
10s	1E-11		3 E-12	
100s	3E-12		1E-12	
Phase Noise (dBc/Hz)			(ordering code: S)	
(RFOUT 10 MHz) 1 Hz	-75		-80	
10 Hz	-95		-100	
100 Hz	-125			
1k Hz	-145			
10K Hz	-145	< 5E-11		
Frequency Retrace Off/On		< 5E-11 24 hr / 1 hr		
(In stable temperature, gravity, pressure & magnetic field conditions)		241117111		
Warm-up Time @ +25°C	12 min	7 min	<4min	25 min
Frequency stability	5E-10	5E-10	5E-10	5E-10
		(ordering code: F)	(ordering code: FE)	(Low Power ordering code: LP
Analog Frequency Adjustment		5 x 10 ⁻⁹ ±20%		0
Tolerance [An external voltage (0-5 VDC) can be applied to pin 6 (FA). The cursor pin of a 10 k Ω variable resistor placed between pin 7 and GND can provide this voltage. If not used, pin 7 must be floating]				
Digital Frequency Adjustment Internal crystal		±1.67E-8		
oscillator freq.		60MHz		
Resolution		5.12E-13		
(Through RS-232 commands)				
RFOUT Output level	Sine wave 0.5 Vrms (± 10% / 50Ω) 50Ω ±20%			
Output impedance	50Ω ±20% < -25dBc	< -30dBc (ordering code: 30dbc)		
Harmonics	< -25dBc	<.	Soube (ordening code:	Joube)
Spurious f0 ± 100kHz	< -80dBc			
60MHz sub-harmonics				
60MHz Out	C	V LV CMOS 10 MHz Square wave 3.3V (ordering code: LVCMOS)		

ELECTRICAL

Spec	Smart SRO-100 SynClock+®			
Input Power		With following options		
		(F/E)	(FE)	(LP)
Warm up @+25°C (typical)	<28W @12V or <35W @ 24V	<40 W	<50 W	<17W
0°C	<14 W	(24V only)	(24V only)	
+25°C	< 11 W			
+60°C	< 7 W			
Communication Interface	RS-232 commands for control & monitoring (see commands below)			elow)
	Timing and locking c	ontrol functions V	/MGA messages	
Protocol speed Compatible with	9600, n, 8, 1			
	S	RO-100 model		
Conformal coating	None Yes (ordering code: CC)			
Reverse Voltage Protection	< -40V (up to -40V on power input / no damage)			

SMARTIMING+® DISCIPLINING & FILTERING

Spec	Smart SRO-100 SynClock+®			
PPSREF Level				
Reference types	CMOS 0-5V or 0-3.3V rising edge GPS, E1, T1, Cesium, LORAN-C, Maser, etc			
Disciplining & filtering Disciplining mode	Auto-adaptive through SmarTi	Auto-adaptive through SmarTiming+ [⊚] technology (request white paper)		
Architecture Model	Sync (phase alignment) or Tra	ck (frequency alignment)		
GPS Receiver Control				
T-RAIM	(Request GPS/SRO-100 Conn	ectivity AppNote)		
Position hold	Auto-configured at startup, if s	upported by GPS Auto-configured at	startup,	
PPSOUT Output Level	CMOS 0-5V			
Current	+20 mA sink/source			
PPSOUT Adjustable Duty Cycle	133 ns step from 0 to 1sec		ec	
Pulse Width (PW)				
PPSOUT to PPSREF Sync Error	< 50 ns			
Conditions (Sync Mode)	No PPSRef noise, ± 1°C temp fluctuations		uctuations	
PPSOUT to PPSREF (DE)				
Programmable delay (Track mode)		0 to 1s in 133ns/step		
PPSOUT Holdover Time Stability	< 1µs / 24 hr	< 3µs / 24 hr	< 7µs / 24 hr	
	< 7µs / 1 week			
Temperature window	Within ±2°C	Within 20°C	Within 40°C	
(After learning phase > 10 т)				
Smart Loop Time Constant	Auto-adaptive 1,000 to 100,000 sec Sync/Trak mode		ync/Trak mode	
Phase/Frequency User settable RS-232 comman		RS-232 command interfa	ice	

ENVIRONMENTAL

Spec	Smart SR	Smart SRO-100 SynClock+®		
Magnetic Field Sensitivity	< 2E-10	< 2E-10 / Gauss in worst axis		
Storage Temperature	- 5	- 55°C to + 85°C		
Humidity	GR-CO	GR-CORE-63, Section 5.1.2		
Operating Vibration	GR-CORE-63, Section 5.4.2 Random and Sinusoidal MIL-PRF- 28800F, Class 3, 4	Ruggedized (ordering code: VIB) Profile: MIL-STD-810F, Method 514.5, Category 24 Average acceleration: 7.7g rms Duration: 1 hour/axis Axis: on each X/Y/Z axis For longer vibration periods , please contact Factory		
Shock	Sur	Survival: 40g / 11ms		
Helium concentration sensitivity	< 1E-10 per ppm c	< 1E-10 per ppm of Helium concentration change		
G-Tip-Over Test	< 2E-	< 2E-10 / g in worst axis		
Shielding		Soldered packaging (ordering code: SH) M3x8 screws & brass washer (ordering code: M3)		
MTBF	(25°C baseplate	138533 Hours with 25°C box operations (25°C baseplate or 25°C airflow > 20m / sec) With ON/OFF cycles over lifetime limited to 1000 cycles		

PHYSICAL

Spec	Smart SRO-100 SynClock+®	
Size (L x W x H)	4" x 2.78 " x 1" (101.6 x 70.61 x 25.4 mm)	
Weight	234g (8.25oz)	
Mounting & Mechanical Layout	See drawings below	
Connector	Male D-sub 25 pins (see drawing below)	

MODEL ORDERING INSTRUCTIONS



KEY OPERATIONAL PRINCIPLES

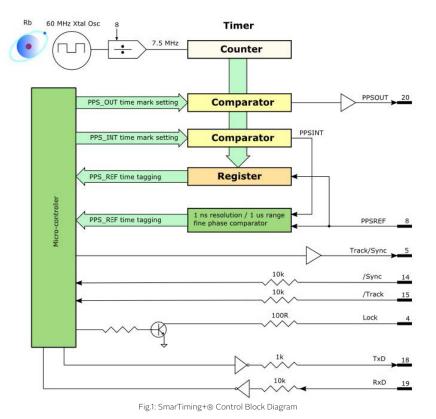
The smart SRO-100 SynClock+[®] uses SmarTiming+[®] technology. It auto-adaptively locks multi-vendor Stratum-1 references such as GPS, Cesium, LORAN-C, CDMA and E1/T1 at industry's first 1ns resolution for the highest performance level, and generates a perfectly aligned 1PPS output signal (PPSOUT) and time of day (TOD) information.

As illustrated in Fig. 1 below, the smart SRO-100 has two basic modes of operation: "Track" and "Sync". "Track" is used for frequency alignment while "Sync" is used for phase alignment applications.

In "Track" mode, the smart SRO-100 uses an external PPS reference (PPSREF) to align the frequency of the SRO-100. The frequency alignment is computed by an internal phase-time error signal that is generated by an internal PPS signal (PPSINT), which measures the signal at 1 ns resolution through its SmarTiming+[®] technology. The PPSINT then aligns the PPSREF phase.

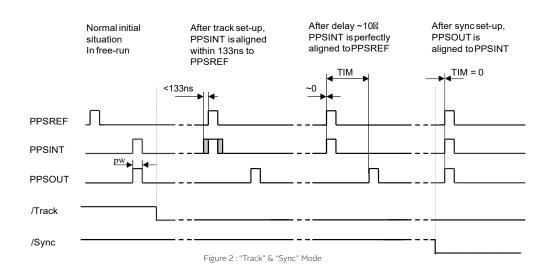
In the "Sync" mode, the smart SRO-100 phase aligns the PPSOUT to the PPSREF with the PPSINT reference signal, which uses SmarTiming+® algorithm to 1) compare the PPSOUT and PPSREF signals at 1ns resolution within a +/-500ns dynamic range and 2) auto-adaptively align them.

The smart SRO-100 has also the capability to dynamically analyze the stability of the PPSREF signal through the excellent mid-term frequency stability of the Rubidium technology. Thus, the 1PPS reference of a Stratum-1 source such as GPS can be directly fed to smart SRO-100 without specific analysis of the internal optimization parameters of the GPS engine - i.e., number of satellites in view, signal to noise ratio, etc.



As illustrated in Fig. 2 below, the "Track" mode aligns the PPSINT to the PPSREF within 133ns. After about 10T, the PPSINT is perfectly aligned to the PPSREF.

The smart SRO-100 is also capable to perfectly align the PPSOUT to the PPSREF or to adjust the PPSOUT from 0-1s with a 133ns resolution. This time adjustment can be programmed through the RS232 interface. After a descending edge of the "Sync" signal, the PPSOUT will be aligned to the PPSREF (see figure 2).



STANDARD RS-232 CONTROL & MONITORING COMMANDS

The operating and monitoring parameters of the LNRClok-1500 are accessible for read and write operations through the serial RS-232 port (9600 bits/sec., no parity, 1 start bit, 8 data bits, 1 stop bit).

There are 2 basics commands, which are M, Cxxxx

M<CR><LF>: monitors the basic internal signals of the atomic clock.

The returned answer looks like

HH GG FF EE DD CC BB AA <CR> <LF>

Where each returned byte is an ASCII coded hexadecimal value, separated by a <Space> character. All parameters are coded at full scale.

- HH: Read-back of the user provided frequency adjustment voltage on pin 6 (0 to 5V)
- GG: reserved
- FF: peak voltage of Rb-signal (0 to 5V)
- EE: DC-Voltage of the photocell (5V to 0V)
- DD: varactor control voltage (0 to 5V)
- CC: Rb-lamp heating current (Imax to 0)
- BB: Rb-cell heating current (Imax to 0)
- AA: reserved

Cxxxx<CR><LF> *: output frequency adjustment through the synthesizer, by steps of 5.12×10^{-13} , where xxxx is a signed 16 bits word in hexa coded ASCII. This value is automatically stored in a EEPROM as last frequency which is applied after RESET or power-ON operation.

In Track mode this correction is not in use. The function FCsddddd do the same. But the data format is different.

Note :

* Warning :: This command is acting into non volatile memory. Numbers of commands sent during the whole unit life time limited to 100'000 in total (all commands cumulated). But there is a turn around. See the Manual.

Timing & Locking Control Functions

Using the same data interface, the smart SRO-100 SynClock+® models can accept the following basic ASCII commands: Data is in decimal ASCII code.

Command name	Syntax command	Data field (if any)	Response syntax	Response data (if any)
Identification	ID <cr><lf></lf></cr>	-	TNTSRO-aaa/rr/s.ss	aaa: 100
			<cr><lf></lf></cr>	rr: revision number
				s.ss: software version
Serial number	SN <cr><lf></lf></cr>	-	xxxxxx <cr><lf></lf></cr>	xxxxxx : 6 digits serial nbr
Status	ST <cr><lf></lf></cr>	-	s <cr><lf></lf></cr>	s:Status
				s=0 :warming up
				s=1 :tracking set-up
				s=2 :track to PPSREF
				s=3 :synch to PPSREF
				s=4 :Free Run. Track OFF
				s=5 :FR. PPSREF unstable
				s=6 :FR. No PPSREF
				s=7 :factory used
				s=8 :factory used
				s=9 :fault or Rb OOL
Set Tracking	TRx <cr><lf> *</lf></cr>	x=0 : Track never *	x <cr><lf></lf></cr>	x:Tracking commands status
PPSINT -		x=0 : Track never		x=0 : Track OFF
PSSREF		x=2 : Track ever *		x=1 : Track ON
		x=3 : Track now + ever *		(when Status 9 -> 4
		x= ? : Interrogation		
Set	SYx <cr><lf> *</lf></cr>	X=0 : Synch. never *	x <cr><lf></lf></cr>	x:Sync. commands status
Synchronisation		x=1 : Synch. now		x=0 : Synch. OFF
PPSOUT -		x=2 : Synch. ever *		x=1 : Synch. ON
PPSINT		x=3 : Synch. now + ever *		(When Status 1 -> 2)
		x= ? : Interrogation		
Set PPSOUT	DEddddddd <cr><lf></lf></cr>	dddddd=delay by 133ns step.	dddddd <cr><lf></lf></cr>	dddddd=delay by 133ns step.
delay		Max 7499999		Max 7499999
		DE0000000 :synch to PPSREF		
Set PPSOUT	PWddddddd <cr><lf> *</lf></cr>	dddddd=pulse Width by 133ns	dddddd <cr><lf></lf></cr>	dddddd=Pulse Width by 133ns step.
Pulse Width		step. Max 7499999		Max 7499999
.		PW0000000: no pulse		0000000: no pulse
Time of day	TD <cr><lf></lf></cr>	-	hh:mm:ss <cr><lf></lf></cr>	hh:hours
				mm:minutes ss:seconds
Set time of day	TDhh:mm:ss <cr><lf></lf></cr>	hh:Hours mm:Minutes ss:seconds	hh:mm:ss <cr><lf></lf></cr>	hh:hours mm:minutes ss:seconds
Date	DT <cr><lf></lf></cr>		yyyy-mm-dd	yyyy : year mm : month
				dd : day
Set date	DT yyyy-mm-dd	yyyy : year	yyyy-mm-dd	yyyy : year
	<cr><lf></lf></cr>	mm : month dd : day		mm : month dd : day
Beat every second	BTx <cr><lf></lf></cr>	x=0 : Stop beat		ddddddd : delay in 133ns step
on serial port.		x=1 : Effective Time interval	dddddd <cr><lf></lf></cr>	sppp:phase error in ns s: +/- signe
		PPSOUT vs PPSREF	or sppp <cr><lf> or</lf></cr>	hh:hours mm:minutes ss:secondes
		x=2 : Phase comparator	dddddd sppp	s: status
		x=3 : Both x=1 & x=2	<cr><lf> or</lf></cr>	
		x=4 : Beat Time of day	hh:mm:ss <cr><lf> s<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cr>	yyyy:year, mm:month,dd:day
		x=5 : Beat status	<cr><lf></lf></cr>	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
		x=6 : Beat <cr><lf></lf></cr>		
		x=7 : Beat Date, Time, Status	yyyy-mm-dd hh:mm:ss s	
		x=A : Beat NMEA \$PTNTA,		
		x=B : Beat NMEA \$PTNTS,B,		
Set frequency	FCsddddd <cr><lf> *</lf></cr>	s=+/- signe	sddddd <cr><lf></lf></cr>	s: +/- signe
adjustment		ddddd = limited within range :		ddddd : fregu. Adj. in
		+32767/-32768		5.12 x 10 ⁻¹³ step
				P

Command name	Syntax command	Data field (if any)	Response syntax	Response data (if any)
Set Tracking Window	TWddd <cr><lf> *</lf></cr>	ddd = Half Tracking Window by 133ns step. From 1 to 255 ddd = ??? : interrogation	ddd <cr><lf></lf></cr>	ddd : Half Tracking Window by 133ns step.
Set no Alarm Window	AWddd <cr><lf> *</lf></cr>	ddd = Half no Alarm Window by 133ns step. From 1 to 255 ddd = ??? : interrogation	ddd <cr><lf></lf></cr>	ddd : Half no Alarm Window by 133ns step.
Set tracking phase loop time constant	TCdddddd <cr><lf> *</lf></cr>	dddddd = Time constant in seconds (001000 to 999999) TC000000 : change to auto. (<) TC001000 : no change	Dddddd <cr><lf></lf></cr>	dddddd : time constant in seconds
Set module customization	MCvxx [ccc] <cr><lf> *</lf></cr>	<pre>v = L : Load parameter v = S : Store parameter cccc * v = B : Load start behaviour v = A : Activate msg at start * v = C : Cancel msg at start * v = H : Load Help v = T : Load Data Type xx = 00FF: msg number, cccc : new welcome message, up to 24 characters s :+/- signe</pre>	ccc <cr><lf> or d<cr><lf> or xy<cr><lf></lf></cr></lf></cr></lf></cr>	cccc : response to MCLxx or to MCHxx. d : 0, 1 response to MCBdd or xy : Data Type, response to MCTxx, x=0 RAM, x=1 eeprom, x=2 Flash, y=0 Byte, y=1 sByte, y=2 Word, y=3 sWoord, y=8 string ASCII, y=9 strng binary
Set phase comparator Onset		ddd : limited with range + 127 / - 128 CO???? : interrogation	SUUU <ur><lf></lf></ur>	ddd : offset in approx 1 ns steps
Go fast during beginning of tracking	GFddddd <cr><lf> *</lf></cr>	ddddd= Time during this mode is active, in seconds DF?????: interrogation	ddddd <cr><lf></lf></cr>	ddddd: Value stored in eeprom
View PPSRef Sigma	VS <cr><lf></lf></cr>		ddd.d <cr><lf></lf></cr>	ddd.d : Sigma of PPSRef in ns. In tracking, Status 2, 3.
View Time constant	VT <cr><lf></lf></cr>		dddddd <cr><lf></lf></cr>	dddddd : Loop time constant now in use, in ns.
Raw phase adjust	RAsddd <cr><lf></lf></cr>	s :+/- signe ddd : limited with range + 127 / - 128	sddd <cr><lf></lf></cr>	s :+/- signe ddd : raw phase just asked in 133 ns steps
Reset micro controller	RESET <cr><lf></lf></cr>			(Identification & welcome message, GPS binary)

*Warning : These commands are acting into non volatile memory. Numbers of commands sent during the whole unit life time limited to 10'000 in total (all commands cumulated) But TR1 followed by TRO and SY1 followed by SYO don't write in NVM and there is a turn around for Cxxxx and FCsddddd. See the Manual.

Pin-Out Status Levels

PIN # 4 & 5 STATUS LEVELS					
Status	Pin # 4	Pin # 5			
	Xtal not locked to Rb line	Track/Synch alarm			
	Rb lock (open collector)	In Track Mode (TTL + 1K)	In Synch Mode (TTL + 1K)		
s=0 :warming up	Low (<.2 V / 5 mA)	High	High		
s=1 :tracking set-up	High	High	High		
s=2 :track to PPSREF	High	Low	High		
s=3 :synch to PPSREF	High	High	Low		
s=4 :Free Run. Track OFF	High	High	High		
s=5 :FR. PPSREF unstable	High	High	High		
s=6 :FR. No PPSREF	High	High	High		
s=7 :factory used	High	High	High		
s=8 :factory used	High	High	High		
s=9 :fault or Rb OOL	Low (<.2 V / 5 mA)	High	High		

NMEA 0183 Format (BTA, BTB)

\$PTNTA,yyyymmddhhnnss,q,**T3**,rrrrrr,sfff,s,x,y*CS**<CR><LF>**

yyyy: year; mm:month; dd: day; hh: hour; nn: minute; ss: second; q: quality, O: Rb line not locked, 1: Free Run, 2: Disciplined; T3: format descriptor; rrrrrr: effective time interval PPSOUT vs PPSREF; sfff: phase comparator;s: Status; x,y: reserved; CS: checksum.

\$PTNTS,B,s,ffff,iiii,aaaa,x,y,s,cccccc,ggg.gg,x,y*CS**<CR><LF>**

s: Status; ffff: current frequency; iiii: holdover frequency; aaaa: average frequency on 24 hours; x,y: reserved; cccccc: loop time constant; ggg.gg: sigma; x,y: reserved; CS: checksum.

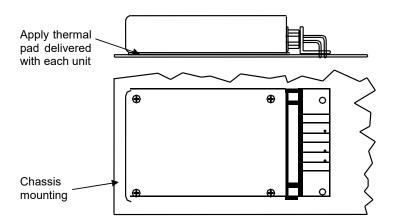
PIN-OUT DESCRIPTION

Pin nbr.	SRO-100	Recommendation	Dir
1	12V(11.2 to 16) or 24V (20 to 32)		Input
2	12V(11.2 to 16) or 24V (20 to 32)		Input
3	GND		Ret
4	Rb lock (open collector) (lock=open)		Output
5	Track/Synch Alarm (TTL+1K) (lock=0V)		Output
6	FA (analog frequency adjust input)	Let float if not used	Input
7	Vref out (+5V internal reference)	Imax = 1mA	Output
8	PPSREF (reference time pulse)	Let float if not used	Input
9	NC (Factory use or diagnostics)		Output
10	GND		Ret
11	NC (For future use)		Output
12	NC (For future use)	Let float	Input
13	60M (60MHz square 3.3V output)		Output
	or (10MHz square 3.3V; option LVCMOS)		
14	/Sync (synchronize PPSOUT to PPSREF)	Let float if not used	Input
15	/Track (PPSREF phase tracking)	Let float if not used	Input
16	NC (Factory use or diagnostics)	Let float	In-Out
17	/Reset (SRO-102 micro controller)	Let float if not used	Input
18	TxD (RS232 Transmit 0-5V)		Output
19	RxD (RS232 Receive 0-5V)	Let float if not used	Input
20	PPSOUT (output time pulse from internal clock)		Output
21	NC (For future use)	Let float	Input
22	GND		Ret
23	GND		Ret
24	RFOUT (5 or 10 or 15MHz sinus 7dBm into 50Ω)		Output
25	GND		Ret

MOUNTING & MECHANICAL LAYOUT

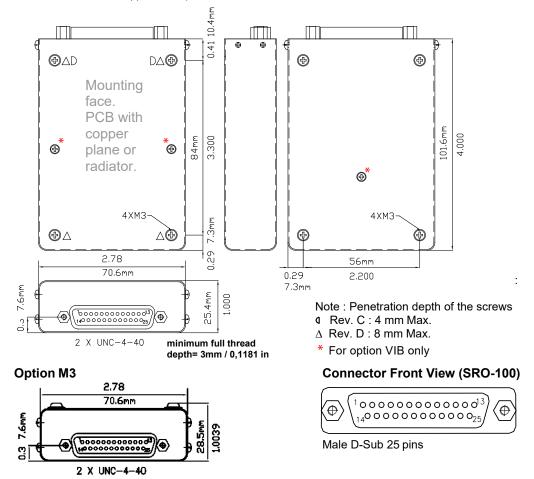
Heat sink options:

- 1) Mount the SRO-100 on a copper ground PCB with the provided thermal pad or thermal paste in between and a base plate under the PCB
- 2) Mount the SRO-100 against a system chassis using the 4xM3 screws with the provided thermal pad or thermal paste in between and wire bridge the D-Sub connector
- 3) Mount a radiator on top of the SRO-100 with the provided thermal pad or thermal paste in between, if no base plate is available



Mechanical Layout & Dimensions (SRO-100)

All dimensions in inch (") and the pictures are not to scale.





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